



EdelGive Foundation

Corporate Identity Number: U65999MH2008NPL182809

Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of EdelGive Foundation

Report on the Audit of Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the Ind AS Financial Statements of EdelGive Foundation ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, and the Statement of Income and Expenditure, including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and its Deficit including Other Comprehensive Income, its Cash Flows and the Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS Financial Statements.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report ("other information"), but does not include the Ind AS Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Ind AS Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

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LLP Registration No. AAJ-1379

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Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including Other Comprehensive Income, Cash Flows and Changes in Equity of the Company. In accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS Financial Statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standard on Auditing (SA's) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Ind AS Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure, and content of the Ind AS Financial Statements, including the disclosures and whether the Ind AS Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Matters:

The comparative financial information of the Company for year ended March 31, 2023 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those Ind AS financial statements on May 23, 2023. Accordingly, we do not express any opinion, as the case may be, on the figures reported in the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. This Report does not contain a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, in our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Order is not applicable in case of the company.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Income and Expenditure including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, and the Statement of Cash Flow and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;

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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (Continued)

- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Ind AS Financial Statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 1";
- (g) In our opinion, no managerial remuneration was paid/ provided for the year ended March 31, 2024 by the company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position, Refer Note 20 (a) and (c).
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses, Refer Note 29.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 40 (a) to the financial statements, during the year no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(b) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 40 (b) to the financial statements, during the year no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

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(c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) of Rule 11(e) contain any material misstatement.

- v. The Company has not declared or paid any equity dividend during the year.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 1, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.

For Nangia & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN No. 002391C/N500069



Jaspreet Singh Bedi

Partner

Membership No.: 601788

UDIN:24601788BKFMVQ2617

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 07, 2024

"ANNEXURE 1" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF EDELGIVE FOUNDATION

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

To
The Member of EdelGive Foundation

We have audited the internal financial controls over the financial reporting of EdelGive Foundation ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024, in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation, and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Ind AS Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Ind AS Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For Nangia & Co. LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN No. 002391C/N500069


Jaspreet Singh Bedi
Partner

Membership No.: 601788
UDIN: 24601788BKFMVQ2617

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 07, 2024

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EdelGive Foundation

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Thousands)

	Note	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	509.96	1,348.84
Current assets			
(a) Financial Assets			
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	3	1,26,831.09	1,34,024.53
(ii) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	4	1,06,387.30	1,96,325.34
(b) Current tax assets		2,087.92	587.31
(c) Other current assets	5	135.74	1,349.80
		<u>2,35,442.05</u>	<u>3,32,286.98</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		<u><u>2,35,952.01</u></u>	<u><u>3,33,635.82</u></u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	6	100.00	100.00
(b) Corpus Fund		1,04,100.00	1,04,100.00
(c) Other equity	7	43,966.29	49,329.17
		<u>1,48,166.29</u>	<u>1,53,529.17</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities			
Trade payables	8		
(A) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	105.97
(B) Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		2,223.16	4,533.22
(b) Other current liabilities	9	84,876.68	1,74,790.67
(c) Provisions	10	685.88	676.79
		<u>87,785.72</u>	<u>1,80,106.65</u>
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		<u><u>2,35,952.01</u></u>	<u><u>3,33,635.82</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements 1 to 42

As per our report of even date attached.

For NANGIA & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002391C/N500069

Jaspreet Singh Bedi

Partner

Membership No: 601788

Mumbai

07 May 2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Naghma Mulla

Director

DIN - 07428351

Mumbai

07 May 2024

Deepak Mittal

Director

DIN - 00010337



EdelGive Foundation

Statement of Income and Expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2024

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Thousands)

	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
I. Revenue from operations			
Donation Mobilized	11	5,91,958.20	6,07,189.73
Interest income	12	16,887.98	17,085.71
Net Loss on fair value changes	13	-	(239.36)
Total Revenue from operations		6,08,846.18	6,24,036.08
II. Other income	14	-	65.23
III. Total Revenue from operations (I +II)		6,08,846.18	6,24,101.31
IV. Expenses			
Funds Deployed	24	5,38,978.89	6,10,459.04
Employee benefits expense	15	22,118.88	23,746.75
Depreciation and amortisation expense	2	838.88	891.74
Other expenses	16	52,238.31	86,517.51
Total expenses		6,14,174.96	7,21,615.04
V (Deficit) / Surplus for the year (III - IV)		(5,328.78)	(97,513.73)
Other Comprehensive Income		(34.10)	170.97
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss)		(5,362.88)	(97,342.76)
Earnings per equity share (Face value of Rs. 10 each):	19		
(1) Basic		(532.88)	(9,751.37)
(2) Diluted		(532.88)	(9,751.37)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements 1 to 42

As per our report of even date attached.

For NANGIA & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002391C/N500069


Jaspreet Singh Bedi
Partner

Membership No: 601788

Mumbai
07 May 2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


Nagma Mulla
Director
DIN - 07428351

Mumbai
07 May 2024


Deepak Mittal
Director
DIN - 00010337



EdelGive Foundation

Cash Flow Statement
for the year ended 31 March 2024
 (Currency: Indian Rupees in Thousands)

	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
A Cash flow from operating activities		
(Deficit) / Surplus for the year	(5,328.78)	(97,513.73)
<i>Adjustments for:</i>		
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	838.88	891.74
(Profit) / Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	-	3.37
Provision for gratuity and Compensated absences	(25.01)	250.78
Interest income	(16,887.98)	(17,085.71)
Operating cash flow before working capital changes	(21,402.89)	(1,13,453.55)
<i>Adjustments for:</i>		
Decrease/(increase) in Other current assets	1,214.06	1,59,716.97
Decrease/(increase) in bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	89,938.04	(1,30,673.96)
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	(2,416.03)	(3,105.42)
Increase / (decrease) in other current liabilities	(89,913.99)	(1,51,765.56)
Cash generated from / (used in) Operations	(22,580.81)	(2,39,281.52)
Income taxes paid (net of refund)	(1,500.61)	170.10
Net cash generated from / (used in) in operating activities - A	(24,081.42)	(2,39,111.42)
B Cash flow from investing activities		
Sale of investments	-	9,278.00
(Purchase) / Sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	-	(2,062.02)
Interest received	16,887.98	17,085.71
Net cash generated from investing activities - B	16,887.98	24,301.69
Net (Decrease) / Increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B)	(7,193.44)	(2,14,809.73)
Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	1,34,024.53	3,48,834.26
Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year	1,26,831.09	1,34,024.53

Notes:

- Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 prescribed under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended under the Companies Act, 2013.

As per our report of even date attached.

For NANGIA & CO LLP
 Chartered Accountants
 ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002391C/N500069


 Jaspreet Singh Bedi
 Partner
 Membership No: 601788

Mumbai
 07 May 2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors


 Nagma Mulla
 Director
 DIN - 07428351


 Deepak Mittal
 Director
 DIN - 00010337

Mumbai
 07 May 2024



EdelGive Foundation

Statement of Changes in Equity

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Thousands)

A. Equity share capital / Corpus Fund

Particular	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period (1 April 2023)	Changes in equity share capital	Balance at the end of the reporting period (31 March 2024)
Equity	100.00	-	100.00
Corpus Fund	1,04,100.00	-	1,04,100.00
Total	1,04,200.00	-	1,04,200.00

Particular	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period (1 April 2022)	Changes in equity share capital	Balance at the end of the reporting period (31 March 2023)
Equity	100.00	-	100.00
Corpus Fund	1,04,100.00	-	1,04,100.00
Total	1,04,200.00	-	1,04,200.00

B. Other Equity (Refer note 7)

Particular	Reserves and Surplus
	Retained earnings
Balance as at 1 April 2022	1,46,671.93
Deficit for the year	(97,513.73)
Other comprehensive income	170.97
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	(97,342.76)
Balance at 31 March 2023	49,329.17
Deficit for the year	(5,328.78)
Other comprehensive income	(34.10)
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the year	(5,362.88)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	43,966.29

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements 1 to 42

As per our report of even date attached.

For NANGIA & CO LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002391C/N500069

Jaspreet Singh Bedi
Partner

Membership No: 601788

Mumbai
07 May 2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Naghma Mulla
Director
DIN - 07428351

Mumbai
07 May 2024

Deepak Mittal
Director
DIN - 00010337



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

1. Corporate information:

EdelGive Foundation ('the Company') is incorporated on May 29, 2008 as non-profit company under Section 25 of the Companies Act, 1956 (presently referred as Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013). The Company is a subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited.

The Company's primary focus is in the areas of education, women empowerment and livelihood by building sustainable organisations that promotes social growth and innovation.

1.1 Basis of preparation:

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time).

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to the nearest thousands, except when otherwise indicated.

1.2 Presentation of financial statements:

The Company presents its balance sheet in compliance with the Division II of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current) is presented in "Note 26-Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities".

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business
- The event of default
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and or its counterparties

1.3 Material accounting policies

1.3.1 Recognition of Receipts and interest income

1.3.1.1 Donation mobilized

Donations/grants received are recognized on

1. General Donations

General Donation's are recognized as income in the year of receipt in the statement of Income and Expenditure



2. Specific Donations

Amounts received with a specific direction from donors towards a particular project for more than a financial year is recognized as income, only to the extent of cost incurred in that financial year and balance is recorded as liability.

3. Corpus Donation :

Amounts received with a specific direction from donors that such amounts shall form a part of Corpus of the Company are credited as Corpus Fund and disclosed as a Equity in Balance Sheet.

1.3.1.2 Interest income

- Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account, the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.
- Profit/loss on sale of investments is recognised on trade date basis

1.3.2 Financial instruments:

1.3.2.1 Date of recognition:

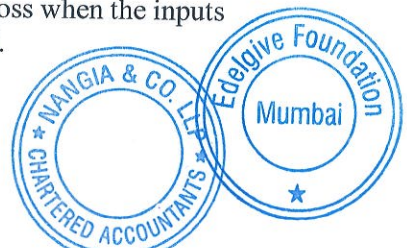
Financial assets and liabilities with exception of loans and borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades, purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. Loans are recognised when funds are transferred to the customers' account. The Company recognises borrowings when funds are available for utilisation to the Company.

1.3.2.2 Initial measurement of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.3.2.3 Day 1 profit and loss:

When the transaction price of the financial instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Company recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in profit or loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.



1.3.2.4 Classification & measurement categories of financial assets and liabilities:

The Company classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The changes in carrying value of financial assets is recognised in profit and loss account.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The changes in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL. The Company measures all financial assets classified as FVTPL at fair value at each reporting date. The changes in fair value of financial assets is recognised in Profit and loss account.

1.3.3 Financial assets and liabilities:

1.3.3.1 Amortized cost

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

1.3.3.2 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

Financial assets in this category are those that are not held for trading and have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under Ind AS 109. Management only designates an instrument at FVTPL upon initial recognition when one of the following criteria are met. Such designation is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.



Notes to the financial statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

- The designation eliminates, or significantly reduces, the inconsistent treatment that would otherwise arise from measuring the assets or liabilities or recognising gains or losses on them on a different basis; or

Financial assets at FVTPL are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in statement of income and expenditure with the exception of movements in fair value of liabilities designated at FVTPL due to changes in the Company's own credit risk. Such changes in fair value are recorded in the own credit reserve through OCI and do not get recycled to the profit or loss. Interest earned or incurred on instruments designated at FVTPL is accrued in interest income or finance cost, respectively, using the EIR, taking into account any discount/ premium and qualifying transaction costs being an integral part of instrument. Interest earned on assets mandatorily required to be measured at FVTPL is recorded using contractual interest rate.

1.3.4 Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Company does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Company acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. The Company didn't reclassify any of its financial assets or liabilities in current period and previous period.

1.3.5 Impairment of financial assets:

The Company records provisions based on expected credit loss model ("ECL") on all loans, other debt financial assets measured at amortised cost together with undrawn loan commitment and financial guarantee contracts, in this section all referred to as "Financial instrument". Equity instruments are not subject to impairment.

ECL is a probability of weighted estimate of credit losses. A credit loss is the difference between the cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive discounted at the original effective interest rate. Because ECL consider the amount and timing of payments, a credit loss arises even if the entity expects to be paid in full but later than when contractually due.

Simplified approach

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables. However, if receivables contain a significant financing component, the Company chooses as its accounting policy to measure the loss allowance by applying general approach to measure ECL.

1.3.6 Write-offs:

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Company has no reasonable expectation of recovery.



1.3.7 Determination of fair value:

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each reporting date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

Level 1 financial instruments:

Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has access to at the measurement date. The Company considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance sheet date.

Level 2 financial instruments:

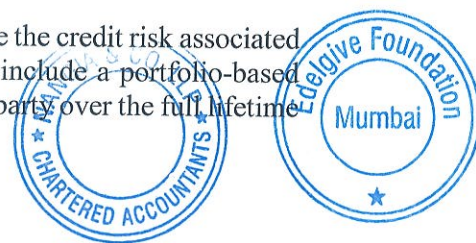
Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.

Level 3 financial instruments:

Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. The Company periodically reviews its valuation techniques including the adopted methodologies and model calibrations.

Therefore, the Company applies various techniques to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value, which include a portfolio-based approach that estimates the expected net exposure per counterparty over the full lifetime



Notes to the financial statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

of the individual assets, in order to reflect the credit risk of the individual counterparties for non-collateralised financial instruments.

The Company evaluates the levelling at each reporting period on an instrument-by-instrument basis and reclassifies instruments when necessary based on the facts at the end of the reporting period.

1.3.8 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net surplus after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net surplus after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential equity shares.

1.3.9 Foreign currency transaction:

The Standalone Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is also functional currency of the Company. Transactions in currencies other than Indian Rupees (i.e. foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in statement of income and expenditure in the period in which they arise.

1.3.10 Retirement and other employee benefit:

1.3.10.1 Provident fund and national pension scheme:

The Company contributes to a recognised provident fund and national pension scheme which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.



1.3.10.2 Gratuity:

The Company's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted. The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Re-measurement, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurement are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

1.3.10.3 Compensated absences:

The eligible employees of the Company are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Company recognises the charge in the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method.

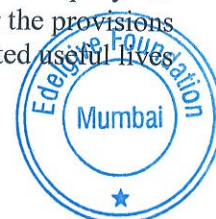
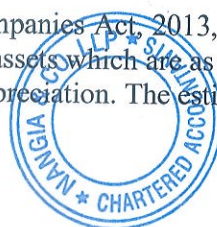
1.3.11 Property, plant and equipment:

Property plant and equipment is stated at cost excluding the costs of day-to-day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are recognized in profit or loss during the reporting period, in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided upto the date of disposal.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has evaluated the useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule II for calculating the depreciation. The estimated useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:



Nature of assets	Estimated useful lives
Computers - End user devices, such as desktops, laptops, etc.	3 years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 years

1.3.12 Impairment of non-financial assets:

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash generating unit which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the impairment is reversed subject to a maximum carrying value of the asset before impairment.

1.3.13 Provisions and other contingent liabilities:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Claims against the Company, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

1.3.14 Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.



1.4 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions :

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

1.4.1 Fair value of financial instruments:

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

1.4.2 Impairment of Financial assets:

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Company's ECL calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- PD calculation includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.
- The Company's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life-time expected credit loss and the qualitative assessment
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis



Notes to the financial statement for the year ended 31 March 2024

- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, EAD and LGD
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models

It is Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

1.4.3 Impairment of Non-current assets:

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, the company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

1.4.4 Provisions and contingent liabilities:

The Company operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent to its operations. As a result, it is involved in various litigation, arbitration and regulatory investigations and proceedings in the ordinary course of its business.

When the Company can reliably measure the outflow of economic benefits in relation to a specific case and considers such outflows to be probable, the Company records a provision against the case. Where the probability of outflow is considered to be remote, or probable, but a reliable estimate cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed.

Given the subjectivity and uncertainty of determining the probability and amount of losses, the Company takes into account a number of factors including legal advice, the stage of the matter and historical evidence from similar incidents. Significant judgement is required to conclude on these estimates.

1.4.5 Provisions for Income Taxes:

Provision for current tax has not been made in the books of accounts in view of the exemption of income of the Company under Section 11 read with Section 2(15) of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

1.5 Standards issued but not yet effective :

There are no new standard or amendment issued but not effective.



Edelgive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Thousands)

2 Property, Plant and Equipment

Description of Assets	Gross Block						Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment						Net Block As at 31 March 2024
	As at 01 April 2023	Additions during the year	Acquisitions through business combinations	Disposals during the year	Other adjustments (as applicable)	As at 31 March 2024	As at 01 April 2023	Impairment losses / (reversals)	Charge for the year	Disposals during the year	Other adjustments (as applicable)	As at 31 March 2023	
Property, Plant and Equipment													
Furniture and Fixtures	22.28	-	-	-	-	22.28	13.78	-	2.20	-	-	13.78	6.31
Computers	2,516.02	-	-	-	-	2,516.02	1,175.69	-	836.68	-	-	2,012.37	503.65
Total	2,538.30	-	-	-	-	2,538.30	1,189.47	-	838.88	-	-	2,028.35	509.96
Property, Plant and Equipment													
Furniture and Fixtures	22.28	-	-	-	-	22.28	10.81	-	2.97	-	-	13.78	8.51
Computers	519.90	2,064.39	-	68.27	-	2,516.02	349.45	-	888.77	62.53	-	1,175.69	1,340.33
Total	542.18	2,064.39	-	68.27	-	2,538.30	360.26	-	891.74	62.53	-	1,189.47	1,348.84



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Thousands)

3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash in hand

Balances with banks

- in Savings & current accounts
- in fixed deposits with original maturity less than 3 months
- Accrued interest on fixed deposits

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
	-	-
	54,496.97	1,34,024.53
	69,000.00	-
	3,334.12	-
	1,26,831.09	1,34,024.53

4 Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents (Original Maturity more than 3 months)

- Fixed Deposits with Bank
- Accrued interest on fixed deposits

	1,05,100.00	1,94,100.00
	1,287.30	2,225.34
	1,06,387.30	1,96,325.34

5 Other current assets

(Unsecured Considered good, unless stated otherwise)

- Prepaid expenses
- Vendor Advances
- Other Receivables

	128.10	925.05
	0.19	150.80
	7.45	273.95
	135.74	1,349.80



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Thousands)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
6 Equity share capital		
Authorised :		
2,000,000 (Previous year: 2,000,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each.	20,000.00	20,000.00
	<u>20,000.00</u>	<u>20,000.00</u>
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:		
10,000 (Previous year: 10,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid up	100.00	100.00
	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>
a. Movement in share capital :		
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	No of shares	No of shares
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,000	10,000
Shares issued during the year	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>
	Amount	Amount
	100.00	100.00
	<u>100.00</u>	<u>100.00</u>
b. Terms/rights attached to equity shares :		
The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. As per clause " X " of Memorandum of association (MOA), if upon a winding-up or dissolution of the Company, there remains, after the satisfaction of all the debts and liabilities any property whatsoever, the same shall not be distributed amongst the member of the Company but shall be given or transferred to such other company having objects similar to the object of this Company, to be determined by the members of the Company at or before		
c. Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company		
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
	No of shares	No of shares
Equity Shares	%	%
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, Holding company and its nominee	10,000	10,000
	100%	100%
	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>
	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>
d. Details of shares held by promoters in the company		
	31 March 2024	
	No of shares	% of total shares
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	10,000	100%
	<u>10,000</u>	<u>100%</u>
	31 March 2023	% changed during the year
	No of shares	%
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	10,000	100%
	<u>10,000</u>	<u>-</u>
7 Other Equity	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Retained earnings	49,329.17	1,46,671.93
Add: (Deficit) \ Surplus for the year	(5,328.78)	(97,513.73)
Add: Other comprehensive income for the year	(34.10)	170.97
	<u>43,966.29</u>	<u>49,329.17</u>



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Thousands)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
8 Trade Payables (Refer Note 22)		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	105.97
Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	2,223.16	4,533.22
	2,223.16	4,639.19
9 Other current liabilities		
Others		
Statutory liabilities*	1,063.93	913.72
Salary payable	364.65	1,336.12
Donation received in advance	83,448.10	1,72,540.83
	84,876.68	1,74,790.67
<p>* Includes withholding, provident fund, profession tax and other statutory dues payable</p>		
10 Provisions		
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity (Refer Note 27)	495.99	565.97
Compensated leave absences	189.89	110.82
	685.88	676.79



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Thousands)

	for the year ended 31 March 2024	for the year ended 31 March 2023
11 Donation Mobilized	5,91,958.20	6,07,189.73
	5,91,958.20	6,07,189.73
12 Interest Income		
On Fixed deposits	12,545.92	8,130.88
On Government Securities	-	651.66
On Others	4,342.06	8,303.17
Total	16,887.98	17,085.71
13 Net gain / (loss) on fair value change		
<i>Net gain / (loss) on Financial Instruments measured at FVTPL</i>		
Investments		
-Fair value gain / (loss) - Government Securities	-	(239.36)
Total	-	(239.36)
14 Other Income		
Interest on income tax refund	-	65.23
Total	-	65.23



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees in Thousands)

	for the year ended 31 March 2024	for the year ended 31 March 2023
15 Employee benefit expenses		
Salaries and wages	20,825.80	22,349.28
Contribution to provident and other funds	1,293.08	1,397.47
	22,118.88	23,746.75
16 Other expenses		
Auditors' remuneration (refer note 16(a) below)	643.24	514.05
Computer expenses	12,928.73	13,370.28
Legal and professional fees	15,511.70	50,913.12
Membership and subscription	145.74	457.13
Office expenses	1,414.95	2,940.74
Goods & Service tax expenses	1,034.74	480.50
Printing and stationery	142.17	246.47
Rent	1,460.07	1,460.99
Seminar & conference expenses	11,001.22	7,277.05
Loss on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	-	3.37
Travelling and conveyance	7,955.75	8,853.81
	52,238.31	86,517.51
16(a) Auditors' remuneration:		
Statutory Audit Fees & Limited Review Fees	619.50	425.00
Certification Charges	-	75.00
Out of Pocket Expenses	23.74	14.05
	643.24	514.05



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian Rupees in thousands)

17 Segment reporting

The primary focus of the Company is to achieve impact in the areas of education, women empowerment and livelihood by building sustainable organisations that promotes societal growth and innovation. Its core functioning is to identify promising social entrepreneurs and Non Governmental Organizations for the said purpose. The Company is hence, not considered to be operating in any business segment. Since the activities of the Company are primarily concentrated in one area in India, the Company is considered to operate only in the domestic segment and therefore there is no reportable geographic segment.

18 Disclosure of Related parties

i. List of related parties and relationship:

Name of related parties by whom control is exercised :	
Holding Company	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited
Fellow Subsidiaries (with whom transactions have taken place)	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Nido Home Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Edel Investments Limited Allium Finance Private Limited Ecap Equities Limited (formerly known as Edel Land Limited) Sekura India Management Limited ECL Finance Limited
Associates of Holding Company (ceased w.e.f. 30 March 2023) (with whom transactions have taken place)	
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly Edelweiss Securities Limited) Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited) Nuvama Clearing Services Limited (formerly Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited) Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)
Key Managerial Personnel / Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel exercise significant influence	
	Ms. Vidya Rashesh Shah Mr. Rashesh Shah Ms. Rati Forbes Mr. Kunal K Shroff Rashesh & Vidya Shah Family Foundation Forbes Foundation

ii. Transactions with related parties :

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
1	Donations mobilized	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1,25,000.00	1,00,000.00
		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	74,000.00	95,000.00
		Nido Home Finance Limited	2,264.49	1,723.00
		Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	4,950.00	4,500.00
		Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited	8,625.00	6,200.00
		Allium Finance Private Limited	3,500.00	4,000.00
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	2,900.00	1,800.00
		Edel Investments Limited	27.27	-
		Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	4,800.00	-
		Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited	11,147.50	6,720.00
		Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	-	2,500.00
		Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	22,082.50	27,875.00
		Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	21,720.00	6,910.00
		Ms. Vidya Rashesh Shah	15,500.00	100.00
		Mr. Rashesh Shah	58,000.00	-
		Rashesh & Vidya Shah Family Foundation	-	2,600.00
		Forbes Foundation	1,000.00	-
Rati Forbes	-	2,500.00		



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian Rupees in thousands)

18 Disclosure of Related parties (Continued)

Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction	Related Party Name	2023-2024	2022-2023
1	Reimbursement paid	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	1,858.49	1,713.01
2	Cost sharing expenses	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	8,369.24	9,525.87
3	Rent paid	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	1,460.07	1,387.72
4	Offsite Expenses Paid	Ecap Equities Limited (formerly known as Edel)	-	328.55
6	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	ECL Finance Limited	-	5.79
Balances with related Parties				
1	Trade payables	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	619.78	1,610.78
2	Reimbursement payable	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	970.35	1,041.82
3	Statutory Payable	Sekura India Management Limited	5.00	117.00
4	Statutory Receivable	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	-	242.00

19 Earnings per share

The computation of earnings per share is set out below.

Particulars	2023-2024	2022-2023
a) Surplus / (deficit) for the year (as per statement of Income and Expenditure)	(5,328.78)	(97,513.73)
b) Calculation of weighted average number of Equity Shares of Rs.10 each:		
- Number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,000	10,000
- Number of equity shares issued during the year	-	-
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	10,000	10,000
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year	10,000	10,000
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in Rupees) (a/b)	(532.88)	(9,751.37)

The basic and diluted earnings per share are the same as there are no dilutive/ potential equity shares issued by the Company.

20 Contingent liabilities and commitments

(a) Contingent liabilities

The Company has no contingent Liabilities as at balance sheet date . (Previous year Rs. Nil)

(b) Capital Commitments

The company has Rs. Nil capital commitments as at the balance sheet date (Previous year : Rs Nil)

(c) Litigation

The company has no litigations as at the balance sheet date (Previous year : Rs Nil)

21 The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited. It has been set to play an active role towards Corporate Social Responsibility. In order to support the endeavour of the Company a part of the salary, rent and certain other expenses pertaining to the Company have been incurred by the Holding

22 Trade Payable

(I) There are Rs. NIL (Previous year: Rs. 105.97 in thousands) dues payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. No interest has been paid / is payable by the Company during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this Act. The aforementioned is based on the responses received by the Company to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said Act.

(II) Trade payables ageing schedule

As at 31 March 2024	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Unbilled	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	360.00	-	1,863.16	-	-	-	2,223.16
(iii) Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	360.00	-	1,863.16	-	-	-	2,223.16

As at 31 March 2023	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Unbilled	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	105.97	-	-	-	-	-	105.97
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1,061.06	-	3,472.18	-	-	-	4,533.24
(iii) Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,167.03	-	3,472.18	-	-	-	4,639.21



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian Rupees in thousands)

23 Cost sharing

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, being holding company along with fellow subsidiaries incurs expenditure which is for the common benefit of itself and its subsidiaries including the Company. This cost so expensed is reimbursed by the company on the basis of number of employees, time spent by employees of other companies, actuals identification etc. On the same line, the cost like electricity charges incurred by the Company for the benefit of fellow subsidiaries and associates companies are recovered as reimbursement by the Company from the subsidiaries and associates companies on similar basis. Accordingly and as identified by the management, the expenditure heads in Note 16 include reimbursements paid and are the net of the reimbursement received best of the management's best estimate are Rs. 8369.24 thousands (Previous year Rs.9525.87 thousands)

24 The funds deployed by the Company are as under:

Particulars	2023-2024	2022-2023
Fund deployed out of domestic contribution		
17000 ft Foundation	4,000.00	4,000.00
Action for Food Production	4,837.41	7,658.19
Agastya International Foundation	5,505.26	8,593.10
Aragati	4,000.00	4,000.00
ANANDI-Area Networking & Development Initiatives	9,444.66	7,142.49
Ankur Pratishthan	-	1,000.00
A R Rahman Foundation	1,900.00	-
Amitie Trust	1,733.50	-
Anahad Foundation	2,900.00	-
Anusandhan Trust	4,000.00	4,000.00
AROEHAN	4,000.00	4,000.00
Arulagam	4,000.00	4,000.00
Ashadeep	4,000.00	4,000.00
Association for Advocacy and Legal Initiatives	4,445.95	9,131.20
Avani Society	4,000.00	4,000.00
Avanti Fellows	4,000.00	4,000.00
Badlao Foundation	4,000.00	4,000.00
Better Education Lifestyle and Environment Foundation	1,733.50	-
Bihar Voluntary Health Association	4,000.00	4,000.00
Bridges of Sports	4,000.00	-
Centre for Equity and Quality in Universal Education	4,000.00	4,000.00
Centre for health and social justice	4,000.00	4,000.00
Centre for Indian Knowledge Systems	4,000.00	4,000.00
Child Survival India	4,000.00	4,000.00
Chirag Rural Development Foundation	4,000.00	4,000.00
ComMutiny The Youth Collective	4,000.00	4,000.00
Committee of Resource Organisation for Literacy	3,007.00	7,384.65
Coro For Literacy-Tata Support	4,000.00	4,000.00
Dev Asso For Human Advancement	4,000.00	4,000.00
Disha Social Organisation	4,000.00	4,000.00
Dream School Foundation	4,000.00	4,000.00
Emotions Matter Foundation	1,733.50	-
Empower India Trust	2,125.00	-
Entrepreneurs Associates	4,000.00	4,000.00
Foundation for Promotion of Sports and Games	3,750.00	3,750.00
Goonj	93.87	-
Grameen development Services	4,000.00	4,000.00
Gramin Samassya Mukti Trust	4,000.00	4,000.00
Gramin Vikas Evam Chetna Sansthan	-	2,000.00
Gramin Vikas Vigyan Samiti	6,039.00	6,899.00
Grey Sim Learnings Foundation	4,000.00	4,000.00
Gyan Prakash Foundation	16,347.19	27,456.70



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian Rupees in thousands)

Particulars	2023-2024	2022-2023
HELP Foundation	4,000.00	4,000.00
Ibtada	2,600.00	5,991.94
India Foundation For The Arts	4,000.00	4,000.00
Indus Action Initiatives	4,000.00	4,000.00
Integrated Development Foundation	4,000.00	4,000.00
Ishita Sharma Foundation	1,500.00	-
Kalakeri Sangeet Vidyalaya	1,500.00	-
I.T. For Change	-	5,900.58
Jan Chetna Manch Bokaro	4,000.00	4,000.00
Jan Sahas Social Development Society	2,600.00	11,958.62
Kaivalya Education Foundation	-	12,500.00
KMVS Urban Activity Project	4,000.00	4,000.00
Kolkata Sanjog Initiatives	16,279.22	13,946.23
Krida Vikas Sanstha	4,000.00	4,000.00
Kshamtalaya Foundation	5,763.90	5,684.24
Kutch Mahila Vikas Sangathan	3,440.70	11,862.03
Lakshya Institute	3,750.00	1,250.00
Latika Roy Memorial Foundation	4,000.00	4,000.00
Leap for Word	5,351.82	6,694.72
M.S.Chelamuthu Trust And Research Foundation	4,000.00	4,000.00
Mahan	4,000.00	4,000.00
Majlis	6,887.80	4,688.95
Makkala Jagriti	4,000.00	4,000.00
Manuvikasa Organization	11,444.03	10,636.23
Manzil Mystics	1,500.00	-
Masoom	4,000.00	4,000.00
Medha Learning Foundation	3,220.00	8,807.76
Mary Kom Regional Boxing Foundation	4,000.00	-
MELJOL	500.00	-
Miraclefeet Foudation For Eliminating Clubfoot	4,000.00	4,000.00
Mount Valley Development Association	4,000.00	4,000.00
National Institute of Women Child & Youth Development	4,000.00	4,000.00
North East Research & Social Work Networking	4,000.00	4,000.00
Nishtha	3,644.79	5,641.35
Operation Eyesight India – The Grow Fund Account	4,000.00	4,000.00
Parinaam Foundation	4,000.00	4,000.00
Partners For Urban Knowledge Action And Research(Pukar)	4,000.00	4,000.00
Pragati	10,478.10	15,365.30
Quality Education Support Trust	6,026.53	6,520.38
Reap Benefit Foundation	4,000.00	4,000.00
Rag Dreams Weavers Association	1,733.50	-
S.A.T.H.E.E.	4,000.00	4,000.00
Saahas	4,000.00	4,000.00
SAFA SOCIETY-A/C HUB	4,000.00	4,000.00
Sahayog Society	4,000.00	4,000.00
Samaritan Help Mission	9,770.90	15,663.50
Sambalpur Integrated Development Institute	4,000.00	4,000.00
Sambandh	3,478.82	7,616.76
Sampark Grow Fund	4,000.00	4,000.00
Sangama Wajood Project	4,000.00	4,000.00
Sense International India	4,000.00	4,000.00
SeSTA - TRLM	4,000.00	4,000.00
Shaheen Women's Resource and Welfare Association	1,541.50	3,032.93
Shakti Social Cultural And Sportiing Organisation	4,000.00	4,000.00
Shohratgarh Environmental Society	4,000.00	4,000.00
Shraddha Trust	4,000.00	4,000.00



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian Rupees in thousands)

Particulars	2023-2024	2022-2023
SIKSHASANDHAN	4,000.00	4,000.00
Society For The Upliftment of Villagers And Development of Hir	4,000.00	4,000.00
Society for Rural and Eco Development	4,000.00	4,000.00
Society for Welfare & Advancement of Rural Generations	4,000.00	4,000.00
Socio Economic Development Corporation Trust	4,000.00	4,000.00
South Orissa Voluntary Action	7,279.30	7,220.54
Srijan Mahila Vikas Manch	4,000.00	4,000.00
Sristi Foundation	4,000.00	4,000.00
Sshrishi	-	1,487.10
Student Partnership World Wide India Project Trust	4,000.00	4,000.00
Sunbird Trust	4,000.00	4,000.00
SVP Philanthropy Foundation	300.00	300.00
Swami Vivekanand Shiksha Samiti	4,000.00	4,000.00
The Akshaya Patra Foundation	237.45	74.23
The Ant The Action Northeast Trust	4,000.00	-
The Live Love Laugh Foundation	4,000.00	4,000.00
The National Centre for the Performing Arts	1,100.00	-
The Society for Service to Voluntary Agencies	2,400.00	-
Torpa Rural Development Society for Women	8,856.41	8,359.85
U.P. Voluntary Health Association	4,000.00	4,000.00
Uma Educational & Technical Society	4,000.00	4,000.00
Urmul Seemant Samiti	4,000.00	4,000.00
United Way of India	127.67	-
Utthan Trust	24,634.23	22,672.85
Vikas Sahayog Pratishtan	-	2,358.02
Vrutti	13,436.40	33,209.60
Waste Warriors Society	4,000.00	4,000.00
Youth Council For Development Alternatives	4,000.00	4,000.00
Youth Football Club Rurka Kalan	4,000.00	4,000.00
Youth For Unity And Volunatry Action (Yuva) – Grow A/C	4,000.00	4,000.00
Yuva Rural Association	4,000.00	4,000.00
Grand Total	5,38,978.89	6,10,459.04



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees in thousands)

25 Maturity Analysis of assets and liabilities

The Table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled

Particulars	2023-2024		2022-2023		Total
	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Within 12 months	After 12 months	
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	1,26,831.09	-	1,34,024.53	-	1,34,024.53
Other bank balances	91,787.30	14,600.00	1,42,725.34	53,600.00	1,96,325.34
Income tax assets (net)	-	2,087.92	2,087.92	587.31	587.31
Other current assets	135.74		1,349.80		1,350
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	-	509.96	-	1,348.84	1,348.84
Total Assets	2,18,754.13	17,197.88	2,78,099.67	55,536.15	3,33,635.82
Current liabilities					
Trade payables	2,223.16	-	4,639.19	-	4,639.19
Other current liabilities	84,876.68	-	1,74,790.67	-	1,74,791
Provisions	-	685.88	-	676.79	676.79
Total Liabilities	87,099.84	685.88	1,79,430	676.79	1,80,106.65
Net Assets/ (Liabilities)	1,31,654.29	16,512.00	1,48,166,299.81	54,859.36	1,53,529.17



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees in thousands)

26 Risk concentration

The following table shows the risk concentration by industry for the components of the balance sheet.

Industry analysis

As at 31 March 2024	Financial services	Government	Total
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances			
Total	2,33,218.39	-	2,33,218.39
	2,33,218.39	-	2,33,218.39
As at 31 March 2023	Financial services	Government	Total
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances			
Total	3,30,349.87	-	3,30,349.87
	3,30,349.87	-	3,30,349.87

27 Employee Benefits

A) Defined contribution plan (Provident fund):

In accordance with Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952, employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under the provident fund, a defined contribution plan, in which, both the employee and the Company contribute monthly at a determined rate. These contributions are made to a recognized provident fund administered by Regional Provident Fund Commissioner. The employees contribute 12% of their basic salary and the Company contributes an equal amount.

Amount of Rs.1127.17 thousands (Previous year: Rs.1207.73 thousands) is recognised as expenses and included in "Employee benefit expenses" – note 15 in the statement of income and expenditure.

B) Defined benefit plan (Gratuity):

In accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972, the Company provides for gratuity, a non-contributory defined benefit arrangement providing lump-sum gratuity benefits expressed in terms of final monthly salary and year of service, covering all employees. The plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement or termination of employment in accordance with the rules laid down in the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

The most recent actuarial valuation of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation for gratuity were carried out as 31 March 2024. The present value of the defined benefit obligations and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Based on the actuarial valuation obtained in this respect, the following table sets out the status of the gratuity plan and the amounts recognised in the Company's financial statements as at balance sheet date:

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
1: Reconciliation of Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO)		
Present value of DBO at start of the year		
Service Cost	565.97	467.64
Current Service Cost	125.99	156.10
b. Past Service Cost	-	-
c. Loss/ (Gain) from Settlement	-	-
Interest Cost	40.03	35.13
Benefits Paid	(265.11)	(48.27)
Re-measurements		
a. Actuarial Loss/ (Gain) from changes in demographic assumptions	-	-
b. Actuarial Loss/ (Gain) from changes in financial assumptions	3.00	(38.96)
c. Actuarial Loss/ (Gain) from experience over the past year	31.03	(132.01)
Effect of acquisition/ (divestiture)	-	-
Changes in foreign exchange rates	-	-
Transfer In/ (Out)	(5.00)	126.34
Present value of DBO at end of the year	495.91	565.97
2: Expenses recognised in the Profit and Loss Account		
Service Cost		
Current Service Cost	125.99	156.10
b. Past Service Cost	-	-
c. Loss/ (Gain) from Settlement	-	-
Net Interest on net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	40.03	35.13
Changes in foreign exchange rates	-	-
Employer Expenses/ (Income)	166.02	191.23



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees in thousands)

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
3: Net Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet		
Present Value of DBO		
Fair Value of Plan Assets	495.91	565.97
Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet	-	-
Funded Status [Surplus/ (Deficit)]	495.91	565.97
Less: Amount not recognized as asset [Effect of limiting net assets to asset ceiling]	(495.91)	(565.97)
	-	-
Net (Liability)/ Asset recognised in the Balance Sheet		
Of which, Short term Liability	(495.91)	(565.97)
Experience Adjustment on Plan Liabilities: (Gain)/ Loss	57.99	76.86
4: Actuarial Assumptions	31.20	(132.01)
Salary Growth Rate (% p.a.)		
Discount Rate (% p.a.)	7%	7%
Interest Rate on Net DBO/ (Asset) (% p.a.)	7%	7.1%
Withdrawal Rate (% p.a.)	7.10%	5.9%
Mortality	16%	16%
Expected Weighted Average Remaining Working Life (years)	IALM 2012-14 (Ultimate)	IALM 2012-14 (Ultimate)
	3.5	3.5
5: Movement in Other Comprehensive Income		
Balance at start of year (Loss)/ Gain		
Re-measurements on DBO	220.15	49.18
a. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in demographic assumptions	-	-
b. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in financial assumptions		
c. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from experience over the past year	(3.00)	38.96
	(31.03)	132.01
Re-measurements on Plan Assets		
Return on plan assets excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	-	-
Re-measurements on Asset Ceiling		
Balance at end of year (Loss)/ Gain		
*IndAS 19 is being adopted from FY2018-19 and date of transition is April 1, 2018.	186.12	220.15
6: Sensitivity Analysis		
1% Increase in Salary Growth Rate	30.00	32.00
1% Decrease in Salary Growth Rate	(28.00)	(30.00)
1% Increase in Discount Rate	(28.00)	(29.00)
1% Decrease in Discount Rate	30.00	32.00
1% Increase in Withdrawal Rate	Negligible Change	Negligible Change
1% Decrease in Withdrawal Rate	Negligible Change	Negligible Change
Mortality (increase in expected lifetime by 1 year)	Negligible Change	Negligible Change
Mortality (increase in expected lifetime by 3 years)	Negligible Change	Negligible Change
7: Movement in Net (Liability)/ Asset		
Net (Liability)/ Asset at start of year		
Net (Acquisition)/ Divestiture	(565.97)	(467.64)
Net Transfer (In)/ Out	-	-
	5.00	(126.34)
Movement during the year		
Current Service Cost		
Net Interest on net DBO	(125.99)	(156.10)
Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates	(40.03)	(35.13)
Re-measurements	-	-
	(34.10)	220.15
Contributions/ Benefits	265.11	48.27
Net (Liability)/ Asset at end of year	(495.98)	(516.79)

28

Ratios

Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	% of Deviation	Reason
Current ratio (a)	2.68	1.84	46%	decrease in donation received in advance

(a) Current ratio= Current assets / Current Liabilities



EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian Rupees in thousands)

29 The Company does not have any long term contract including derivative contract for which there were any material foreseeable losses.

30 **Title deeds of Immovable Properties not held in name of the Company**
There is no immovable property held by the Company as at March 31, 2024.

31 **Loans or advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person**
During the year the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person.

32 **Details of Benami Property held**
There have been no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.

33 **Wilful Defaulter**
The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any other lender.

34 **Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies (ROC)**
The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period.

35 **Details of borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets**
The Company has not been sanctioned any type of loan from banks or financial institutions during any point of time of the year on the basis of security of current assets.

36 **Undisclosed income**
The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

37 **Relationship with Struck off Companies**
Where the company has any transactions with the companies struck off under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956, the Company shall disclose the following details, namely:-

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck-off Company	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the Struck off company, if
None	None	0	None

Name of struck off Company	Nature of transactions with struck-off Company	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the Struck off company, if
None	None	0	None

38 **Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency**
The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year.

39 The Company has complied with the Rule 3 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 amended on August 5, 2022 relating to maintenance of electronic books of account and other relevant books and papers. The Company's books of accounts and relevant books and papers are accessible in India at all times and backup of accounts and other relevant books and papers are maintained in electronic mode within India and kept in servers physically located in India on daily basis.

40 **Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:**

- During the year, the company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- During the year, the Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall
 - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the
 - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

41 **Events after reporting date**

The Company has evaluated all events that occur after the balance sheet date through the date when the financial statements were issued to determine if they must be reported. The management of the Company determined that there were no reportable



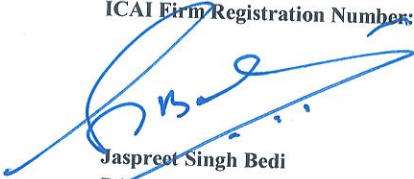
EdelGive Foundation

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)
(Currency: Indian Rupees in thousands)

42 Prior period comparatives

Previous year's numbers have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary to confirm to current year's presentations.

For NANGIA & CO LLP
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002391C/N500069



Jaspreet Singh Bedi
Partner
Membership No: 601788

Mumbai
07 May 2024



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors



Nagma Mulla
Director
DIN - 07428351

Deepak Mittal
Director
DIN - 00010337

Mumbai
07 May 2024

